BYLAWS OF ENCINO BASEBALL, INC.

A California Nonprofit Corporation

SECTION 1: NAME; PRINCIPAL OFFICE

1.01 Name

The name of this corporation is Encino Baseball, Inc.

1.02 Principal office of the corporation

The principal office for the transaction of the activities and affairs of this corporation is located at 5120 Hayvenhurst Avenue, Encino, Los Angeles County, California. The mailing address shall be P.O. Box 260772, Encino, CA 91426. The board of directors (sometimes also referred to as the "Executive Board") may change the location of the principal office and mailing address, so long as the principal office remains within the limits of the defined geographical area assigned to this corporation by Little League Baseball, Inc. Any such change of location must be noted by the secretary on these bylaws opposite this Section; alternatively, this Section may be amended to state the new location.

SECTION 2: GENERAL AND SPECIFIC PURPOSES

This corporation is organized exclusively for educational and charitable purposes within the meaning of Internal Revenue Code section 501(c)(3) or the corresponding provision of any future United States internal revenue law. The corporation shall not, except to an insubstantial degree, engage in any activities or exercise any powers that do not further the purposes of this corporation, and the corporation shall not carry on any other activities not permitted to be carried on by (a) a corporation exempt from federal income tax under Internal Revenue Code section 501(c)(3) or the corresponding provision of any future United States internal revenue law, or (b) a corporation, contributions to which are deductible under Internal Revenue Code section 170(c)(2) or the corresponding provision of any future United States internal revenue law. In the context of these general purposes, the corporation shall operate a youth baseball league for ages to be determined by the board of directors. Such youth baseball shall be played under the name of "Encino Little League" and under the auspices of Little League Baseball, Inc. of Williamsport, Pennsylvania.

SECTION 3: CONSTRUCTION AND DEFINITIONS

Unless the CONTEXT requires otherwise, the general provisions, rules of construction, and definitions in the California Nonprofit Corporation Law shall govern the construction of these bylaws. Without limiting the generality of the preceding sentence, the masculine gender includes the feminine and neuter, the singular includes the plural, the plural

includes the singular, and the term "person" includes both a legal entity and a natural person. These bylaws replace and supersede any prior bylaws of this corporation.

SECTION 4: DEDICATION OF ASSETS

This corporation's assets are irrevocably dedicated to public benefit and charitable purposes. No part of the net earnings, properties, or assets of the corporation, on dissolution or otherwise, shall inure to the benefit of any private person or individual, or to any director or officer of the corporation. On liquidation or dissolution, all properties and assets remaining after payment, or provision for payment, of all debts and liabilities of the corporation shall be distributed to a nonprofit fund, foundation, or corporation that is organized and operated exclusively for charitable purposes and that has established its exempt status under Internal Revenue Code section 501(c)(3).

SECTION 5: QUALIFICATIONS AND CLASSES OF MEMBERSHIP

5.01 Classes and qualifications of membership

This corporation shall have four classes of members, designated as follows:

(a) Player Members. Any player candidate meeting the requirements of Little League Regulation IV shall be eligible to compete for participation in Encino Little League (the "Local League"). Player Members shall have no rights, duties or obligations in the management or in the property of the Local League.

(b) Regular Members. Any adult person actively interested in furthering the objectives of the Local League who is the parent or legal guardian of a child registered to play baseball at Encino Little League in the Spring of a given year and who has paid the applicable registration fee(s) for that season is a Regular Member in that year. Regular Members may be issued a card numbered in sequential order annually. Only Regular Members in good standing are eligible to vote at General Members, Committee Members, Managers, Coaches, adult Volunteer Umpires and other elected or appointed officials must be active Regular Members in good standing. Regular Members of the league automatically include all current Managers, Coaches, Volunteer Umpires, Board Members, Officers of the Board and any other person who is recognized by the Board as a volunteer in the Local League.

(c) Honorary Members. Any person may be elected as Honorary Member by the unanimous vote of all directors present at any duly held meeting of the board of directors but shall have no rights, duties or obligations in the management or in the property of the Local League.

(d) Sustaining Members. Any person not a Regular Member who makes financial or other contribution to the Local League may by a majority vote of the board of directors become a Sustaining Member, but such person shall have no rights, duties or obligations in the management or in the property of the Local League.

(e) Definition. As used hereinafter, the word "Member" shall mean a Regular Member unless otherwise stated.

Any person dedicated to the purposes of the corporation and interested in actively participating to further the corporation's objectives shall be eligible for membership on approval of the membership application by the board.

5.02 Rights of Membership

Regular Members shall have the right to vote, as set forth in these bylaws, on the election of directors, on the disposition of all or substantially all of the corporation's assets, on any merger and its principal terms and any amendment of those terms, and on any election to dissolve the corporation. In addition, those members shall have all rights afforded members under the California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation Law.

5.03 Other Persons Associated With Corporation

This corporation may refer to non-voting classes as Player Members, Honorary Members and Sustaining Members or other persons or entities associated with it as "members," even though those persons or entities are not voting members as set forth in Section 5.01 of these bylaws, but no such reference shall constitute anyone as a member within the meaning of Corporations Code section 5056 unless that person or entity shall have qualified for a voting membership under Section 5.01(b) of these bylaws. References in these bylaws to "members" shall mean members as defined in Corporations Code section 5056; i.e., the members of the class set forth in Section 5.01(b) of these bylaws. By amendment of its articles of incorporation or of these bylaws, the corporation may grant some or all of the rights of a member of any class to any person or entity that does not have the right to vote on the matters specified in Section 5.02 of these bylaws, but no such person or entity shall be a member within the meaning of Corporations Code section 5056.

5.04 Members' Dues, Fees, and Assessments

Each Regular Member with a Player Member in the family must pay, within the time and on the conditions set by the board, the dues, fees, and assessments in amounts to be fixed from time to time by the board. The dues, fees, and assessments shall be equal for all members of each class (for this purpose, a class is determined by the age and/or playing level of a Player Member), but the board may, in its discretion, set different dues, fees, and assessments for each class.

5.05 Members in Good Standing

Members who have paid the required dues, fees, and assessments in accordance with these bylaws and who are not suspended shall be members in good standing.

5.06 Termination of Membership

A membership shall terminate on occurrence of any of the following events:

(a) Resignation of the member;

(b) Expiration of the period of membership, unless the membership is renewed on the renewal terms fixed by the board;

(c) The member's failure to pay dues, fees, or assessments as set by the board within sixty (60) after they are due and payable;

(d) Any event that renders the member ineligible for membership, or failure to satisfy membership qualifications; or

(e) Termination of membership under Section 5.08 of these bylaws based on the good faith determination by the board, or a committee or person authorized by the board to make such a determination, that the member has failed in a material and serious degree to observe the rules of conduct of the corporation, or has engaged in conduct materially and seriously prejudicial to the corporation's purposes and interests.

5.07 Suspension of Membership

A member may be suspended, under Section 5.08 of these bylaws, based on the good faith determination by the board, or a committee or person authorized by the board to make such a determination, that the member has failed in a material and serious degree to observe the corporation's rules of conduct, or has engaged in conduct materially and seriously prejudicial to the corporation's purposes and interests.

A person whose membership is suspended shall not be a member during the period of suspension.

5.08 Termination or Suspension of Membership

If grounds appear to exist for suspending or terminating a member under Sections 5.06 or 5.07 of these bylaws, the following procedure shall be followed:

(a) The board shall give the member at least 15 days' prior notice of the proposed suspension or termination and the reasons for the proposed suspension or termination. Notice shall be given by any method reasonably calculated to provide actual notice. Notice given by mail shall be sent by first-class or registered mail to the member's last address as shown on the corporation's records.

(b) The member shall be given an opportunity to be heard, either orally or in writing, at least five days before the effective date of the proposed suspension or termination. The hearing shall be held, or the written statement considered, by the

board or by a committee or person authorized by the board to determine whether the suspension or termination should occur.

(c) The board, committee, or person shall decide whether the member should be suspended, expelled, or sanctioned in any way. The decision of the board, committee, or person shall be final.

(d) Any action challenging an expulsion, suspension, or termination of membership, including a claim alleging defective notice, must be commenced within one year after the date of the expulsion, suspension, or termination.

5.09 Transfer not permitted

No membership or right arising from membership shall be transferred. All membership rights cease on the member's death or dissolution.

SECTION 6: MEETINGS

6.01 Annual Meeting

An annual meeting of members shall be held on the first Saturday after the first Monday in June of each year, unless the board fixes another date or time and so notifies members as provided in Section 7 of these bylaws. If the scheduled date falls on a legal holiday, the meeting shall be held on the next full business day. At the meeting, or at a date and time to be set by the Board and announced either at the annual meeting or by way of notice as provided in Section 7 of these bylaws, directors shall be elected and other proper business may be transacted, subject to Sections 7.01 and 7.02 of these bylaws.

6.02 Place of Meeting

Meetings of the members shall be held at any place within or outside California designated by the board or by the written consent of all members entitled to vote at the meeting, given before or after the meeting. In the absence of any such designation, members' meetings shall be held at the corporation's principal office. The board may authorize members who are not present in person to participate by electronic transmission or electronic video communication.

6.03 Authority to Call Special Meetings

The board or the president, or 5 percent or more of the members, may call a special meeting of the members for any lawful purpose at any time.

6.04 Calling Special Meetings

A special meeting called by any person entitled to call a meeting (other than the board) shall be called by written request, specifying the general nature of the business proposed to be transacted, and submitted to the chairman of the board, if any, or the

president or any vice president or the secretary of the corporation. The officer receiving the request shall cause notice to be given promptly to the members entitled to vote, under Sections 7.01 through 7.04 of these bylaws, stating that a meeting will be held at a specified time and date fixed by the board, provided, however, that the meeting date shall be at least 35 but no more than 90 days after receipt of the request. If the notice is not given within 20 days after the request is received, the person or persons requesting the meeting may give the notice. Nothing in this Section shall be construed as limiting, fixing, or affecting the time at which a meeting of members may be held when the meeting is called by the board.

6.05 **Proper Business of Special Meeting**

No business, other than the business that was set forth in the notice of the meeting, may be transacted at a special meeting.

SECTION 7: NOTICE OF MEETINGS

7.01 General Notice Requirements

Whenever members are required or permitted to take any action at a meeting, a written notice of the meeting shall be given, under Sections 7.01 through 7.04 of these bylaws, to each member entitled to vote at that meeting. The notice shall specify the place, date, and hour of the meeting, and the means of electronic transmission by and to the corporation or electronic video screen communication, if any, by which members may participate in the meeting. For the annual meeting, the notice shall state the matters that the board, at the time notice is given, intends to present for action by the members. For a special meeting, the notice shall state that no other business may be transacted. The notice of any meeting at which directors are to be elected shall include the names of all persons who are nominees when notice is given.

7.02 Notice of Certain Agenda Items

Approval by the members of any of the following proposals, other than by unanimous approval by those entitled to vote, is valid only if the notice or written waiver of notice states the general nature of the proposal or proposals:

- (a) Removing a director without cause:
- (b) Filling vacancies on the board;
- (c) Amending the articles of incorporation; or
- (d) Electing to wind up and dissolve the corporation.

7.03 Manner of Giving Notice

Notice of any meeting of members shall be in writing and shall be given at least 10 but no more than 90 days before the meeting date. The notice shall be given either personally or by first-class, registered, or certified mail, or by other means of written communication (including electronic transmission pursuant to subsection (a)), charges prepaid, and shall be addressed to each member entitled to vote, at the address of that member as it appears on the books of the corporation or at the address given by the member to the corporation for purposes of notice. If no address appears on the corporation's books and no address has been so given, notice shall be deemed to have been given if either (i) notice is sent to that member by first- class mail or facsimile or other written communication to the corporation's principal office or (ii) notice is published at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the principal office is located.

(a) Notice given by electronic transmission by the corporation shall be valid only if

(1) Delivered by (i) facsimile telecommunication or electronic mail when directed to the facsimile number or electronic mail address, respectively, for that recipient on record with the corporation; (ii) posting on a website, electronic message board or network that the corporation has designated for those communications, together with a separate notice to the recipient of the posting, which transmission shall be validly delivered on the later of the posting or delivery of the separate notice of it; or (iii) other means of electronic communication;

(2) To a recipient who has provided an unrevoked consent to the use of those means of transmission for communications; and

(3) That creates a record that is capable of retention, retrieval, and review, and that may thereafter be rendered into clearly legible tangible form.

(b) Notwithstanding the foregoing,

(1) An electronic transmission by this corporation to a member is not authorized unless, in addition to satisfying the requirements of this section, the transmission satisfies the requirements applicable to consumer consent to electronic record as set forth in the Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act (15 United States Code section 7001(c)(1)).

(2) Notice shall not be given by electronic transmission by the corporation after either of the following: (i) the corporation is unable to deliver two consecutive notices to the member by that means or (ii) the inability so to deliver the notices to the member becomes known to the secretary, any assistant secretary, or any other person responsible for the giving of the notice.

7.04 Affidavit of Mailing Notice

An affidavit of the mailing of any notice of any members' meeting, or of the giving of such notice by other means, may be executed by the secretary, assistant secretary, or any transfer agent of the corporation, and if so executed, shall be filed and maintained in the corporation's minute book.

7.05 Adjournment and Notice of Adjourned Meetings

Any members' meeting, whether or not a quorum is present, may be adjourned from time to time by the vote of the majority of the members represented at the meeting, either in person or by proxy. No meeting may be adjourned for more than 45 days. When a members' meeting is adjourned to another time or place, notice need not be given of the adjourned meeting if the time and place to which the meeting is adjourned (or the means of electronic transmission by and to the corporation or electronic video screen communication, if any, by which members may participate} are announced at the meeting at which adjournment is taken. If after adjournment a new record date is fixed for notice or voting, a notice of the adjourned meeting, is entitled to vote at the meeting. At the adjourned meeting, the corporation may transact any business that might have been transacted at the original meeting.

SECTION 8: QUORUM; VOTING

8.01 Quorum

Ten percent (10%) of the voting power shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at any meeting of members.

If, however, the attendance at any general or annual meeting, whether in person or by proxy, is less than one third of the voting power, the members may vote only on matters as to which notice of their general nature was given under Section 6.08 of these bylaws.

Except as otherwise required by law, the articles, or these bylaws, the members present at a duly called or held meeting at which a quorum is present may continue to transact business until adjournment, even if enough members have withdrawn to leave less than a quorum, if any action taken (other than adjournment} is approved by at least a majority of the members required to constitute a quorum.

8.02 Eligibility to Vote

Subject to the California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation Law, Regular Members in good standing on the record date as determined under Sections 8.13 and 8.14 of these bylaws shall be entitled to vote at any meeting of members or for election of Executive Board members.

8.03 Manner of Voting

Voting may be by voice or by ballot, except that any election of directors must be by ballot if demanded before the voting begins by any member at the meeting.

8.04 Number of Votes

Each family of one or more Regular Members shall have one vote per child registered with the Local League at the time of the vote.

8.05 Approval by Majority Vote

If a quorum is present, the affirmative vote of a majority of the voting power represented at the meeting, entitled to vote and voting on any matter, shall be deemed the act of the members unless the vote of a greater number, or voting by classes, is required by the California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation Law or by the articles of incorporation.

8.06 Waiver of Notice or Consent

The transactions of any meeting of members, however called or noticed and wherever held, shall be as valid as though taken at a meeting duly held after standard call and notice, if (a) a quorum is present either in person or by proxy, and (b) either before or after the meeting, each member entitled to vote, not present in person or by proxy, signs a written waiver of notice, a consent to the holding of the meeting, or an approval of the minutes of the meeting. The waiver of notice, consent, or approval need not specify either the business to be transacted or the purpose of the meeting except that, if action is taken or proposed to be taken for approval of any matter specified in Section 7.02 of these bylaws, the waiver of notice, consent, or approval shall state the general nature of the proposal. All such waivers, consents, or approvals shall be filed with the corporate records or made a part of the minutes of the meeting.

A member's attendance at a meeting shall also constitute a waiver of notice of and presence at that meeting unless the member objects at the beginning of the meeting to the transaction of any business because the meeting was not lawfully called or convened. In addition, attendance at a meeting is not a waiver of any right to object to the consideration of matters required to be included in the notice of the meeting but not so included, if that objection is expressly made at the meeting.

8.07 Action by Unanimous Written Consent

Any action required or permitted to be taken by the members may be taken without a meeting, if all members consent in writing to the action. The written consent or consents shall be filed with the minutes of the meeting. The action by written consent shall have the same force and effect as a unanimous vote of the members.

8.08 Action by Written Ballot

Any action that members may take at any meeting of members may also be taken without a meeting by complying with Sections 8.09 through 8.13 of these bylaws.

8.09 Solicitation of Written Ballots

This corporation shall distribute one written ballot to each member entitled to vote on the matter. The ballot and any related material may be sent by electronic transmission by the corporation, and responses may be returned to the corporation by electronic transmission that meets the requirements of Sections 7.03(a) and (b) of these bylaws. All solicitations of votes by written ballot shall (a) state the number of responses needed to meet the quorum requirement; (b) state, with respect to ballots other than for election of directors, the percentage of approvals necessary to pass the measure or measures; and (c) specify the time by which the ballot must be received in order to be counted. Each ballot so distributed shall (a) set forth the proposed action; (b) give the members an opportunity to specify approval or disapproval of each proposal; and (c) provide a reasonable time in which to return the ballot distributed to ten or more members shall provide that, subject to reasonable specified conditions, if the person solicited specifies a choice in any such matter, the vote shall be cast according to that specification.

In any election of directors, a written ballot that a member marks "withhold," or otherwise marks in a manner indicating that authority to vote is withheld, shall not be voted either for or against the election of a director.

8.10 Number of Votes and Approvals Required

Approval by written ballot shall be valid only when (i) the number of votes cast by ballot (including ballots that are marked "withhold" or otherwise indicate that authority to vote is withheld) within the time specified equals or exceeds the quorum required to be present at a meeting authorizing the action, and (ii) the number of approvals equals or exceeds the number of votes that would be required for approval at a meeting at which the total number of votes cast was the same as the number of votes cast by written ballot without a meeting.

8.11 Revoking Ballots

A written ballot may not be revoked.

8.12 Filing Ballots

All written ballots shall be filed with the secretary of the corporation and maintained in the corporate records for at least three (3) years.

8.13 Record Date for Notice, Voting, Written Ballots, and Other Board Actions

For purposes of establishing the members entitled to receive notice of any meeting, entitled to vote at any meeting, entitled to vote by written ballot, or entitled to exercise any rights in any lawful action, the board of directors may, in advance, fix a record date. The record date so fixed for

(a) sending notice of a meeting shall be no more than 90 nor less than 10 days before the date of the meeting;

(b) voting at a meeting shall be no more than 60 days before the date of the meeting;

(c) voting by written ballot shall be no more than 60 days before the day on which the first written ballot is mailed or solicited; and

(d) taking any other action shall be no more than 60 days before that action.

8.14 Record Date for Actions Not Set by Board

If not otherwise fixed by the board, the record date for determining members entitled to receive notice of a meeting of members shall be the next business day preceding the day on which notice is given or, if notice is waived, the next business day preceding the day on which the meeting is held. If not otherwise fixed by the board, the record date for determining members entitled to vote at the meeting shall be the day on which the meeting is held.

If not otherwise fixed by the board, the record date for determining members entitled to vote by written ballot shall be the day on which the first written ballot is mailed or solicited.

If not otherwise fixed by the board, the record date for determining members entitled to exercise any rights with respect to any other lawful action shall be the date on which the board adopts the resolution relating to that action, or the 60th day before the date of that action, whichever is later.

A person holding a membership at the close of business on the record date shall be a member of record.

8.15 Members' Proxy Rights

There shall be no voting by proxy.

SECTION 9: BOARD OF DIRECTORS

9.01 General Powers

Subject to the provisions and limitations of the California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation Law and any other applicable laws, and subject to any limitations of the articles of incorporation or bylaws regarding actions that require approval of the members, the corporation's activities and affairs shall be managed, and all corporate powers shall be exercised, by or under the direction of the board.

9.02 Specific Powers

Without prejudice to the general powers set forth in Section 9.01 of these bylaws, but subject to the same limitations, the board shall have the power to do the following:

(a) Appoint and remove, at the pleasure of the board, all corporate officers, agents, and employees: prescribe powers and duties for them as are consistent with the law, the articles of incorporation, and these bylaws: fix their compensation: and require from them security for faithful service.

(b) Change the principal office or the principal business office in California from one location to another: cause the corporation to be qualified to conduct its activities in any other state, territory, dependency, or country; conduct its activities in or outside California; and designate a place in or outside California for holding any meeting of members.

(c) Borrow money and incur indebtedness on the corporation's behalf and cause to be executed and delivered for the corporation's purposes, in the corporate name, promissory notes, bonds, debentures, deeds of trust, mortgages, pledges, hypothecations, and other evidences of debt and securities.

9.03 Number of and Qualifications for Directors

The board of directors shall consist of at least five (5) but no more than nine (9) directors unless changed by amendment to these bylaws. The exact number of directors shall be fixed, within those limits, by a resolution adopted by the board of directors. Any Regular Member in good standing can qualify to be a director.

9.04 Term; Designated Directors

Each director shall hold office for one (1) year and until a successor director has been designated and qualified. The president during the previous year shall serve as an exofficio director for the next year.

9.05 Nominations; Election Officer

Any Regular Member in good standing and who is a parent or legal guardian of a child registered to play baseball at Encino Little League as of the record date may place his or her name in nomination as a candidate for election to the board; provided, however, that two or more members of the same family or who are parents of the same registered child may not serve on the Board at the same time and may not stand for election at the same time. The president shall appoint a committee to review the prospective candidates and nominate qualified candidates for election to the board at least twenty (20) days before the date of any election of directors. The nominating committee shall make its report at least ten (10) days before the date of the election, or at such other time as the board may set, and the secretary shall forward to each member, with the notice of meeting or election required by these bylaws, a list of all candidates nominated and placed on the ballot. In addition, the board may appoint an election officer to administer the election, including developing procedures to assure the fairness of the election and counting of the ballots. The election officer may not be a member who is running for a position on the board.

9.06 Nominee's Right to Solicit Votes

The board shall formulate procedures that allow a reasonable opportunity for a nominee to communicate to members the nominee's qualifications and the reasons for the nominee's candidacy, a reasonable opportunity for the nominee to solicit votes, and a reasonable opportunity for all members to choose among the nominees.

9.07 Use of Corporate Funds to Support Nominee

No corporate funds may be expended to support a nominee.

9.08 Events Causing Vacancies on Board

A vacancy or vacancies on the board of directors shall occur in the event of (a) the death, removal, or resignation of any director; (b) the declaration by resolution of the board of a vacancy in the office of a director who has been convicted of a felony, declared of unsound mind by a court order, or found by final order or judgment of any court to have breached a duty under California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation Law, Chapter 2, Article 3; (c) the vote of the members, d) the increase of the authorized number of directors; or (e) the failure of the members, at any meeting of members at which any director or directors are to be elected, to elect the number of directors required to be elected at such meeting.

9.09 Resignation of Directors

Except as provided below, any director may resign by giving written notice to the chairman of the board, if any, or to the president or the secretary of the board. The resignation shall be effective when the notice is given unless it specifies a later time for the resignation to become effective. If a director's resignation is effective at a later time, the board may elect a successor to take office as of the date when the resignation becomes effective. Except on notice to the California Attorney General, no director may resign if the corporation would be left without a duly elected director or directors.

9.10 Vacancies Filled by Board

Except for a vacancy created by the removal of a director by the members, vacancies on the board may be filled by approval of the board or, if the number of directors then in office is less than a quorum, by (1) the unanimous written consent of the directors then in office, (2) the affirmative vote of a majority of the directors then in office at a meeting held according to notice or waivers of notice complying with Corporations Code section 5211, or (3) a sole remaining director. The members may fill any vacancy not filled by the directors.

9.11 Vacancies Filled by Members

The members may elect a director or directors at any time to fill any vacancy or vacancies not filled by the directors.

9.12 No Vacancy on Reduction of Number of Directors

Any reduction of the authorized number of directors shall not result in any director's being removed before his or her term of office expires.

9.13 Compensation and Reimbursement

Directors may receive such reimbursement of expenses, as the board may establish by resolution to be just and reasonable as to the corporation at the time that the resolution is adopted.

9.14 Creation and Powers of Committees

The board, by resolution adopted by a majority of the directors then in office, may create one or more committees, each consisting of two or more directors and no one who is not a director, to serve at the pleasure of the board. Appointments to committees of the board shall be by majority vote of the directors then in office. The board may appoint one or more directors as alternate members of any such committee, who may replace any absent member at any meeting. Any such committee shall have all the authority of the board, to the extent provided in the board resolution, except that no committee may do the following:

(a) Take any final action on any matter that, under the California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation Law, also requires approval of the members or approval of a majority of all members;

(b) Fill vacancies on the board or any committee of the board;

(c) Fix compensation of the directors for serving on the board or on any committee;

(d) Amend or repeal bylaws or adopt new bylaws;

(e) Amend or repeal any resolution of the board that by its express terms is not so amendable or repealable;

(f) Create any other committees of the board or appoint the members of committees of the board;

(g) Expend corporate funds to support a nominee for director if more people have been nominated for director than can be elected; or

(h) Approve any contract or transaction to which the corporation is a party and in which one or more of its directors has a material financial interest, except as special approval is provided for in Corporations Code section 5233(d)(3).

SECTION 10: BOARD MEETINGS

10.01 Place of Board Meetings

Meetings of the board shall be held at any place within California that has been designated by resolution of the board or in the notice of the meeting or, if not so designated, at the principal office of the corporation.

10.02 Meetings by Telephone or Other Telecommunications Equipment

Any board meeting may be held by conference telephone, video screen communication, or other communications equipment. Participation in a meeting under this Section shall constitute presence in person at the meeting if both the following apply:

(a) Each member participating in the meeting can communicate concurrently with all other members.

(b) Each member is provided the means of participating in all matters before the board, including the capacity to propose, or to interpose an objection to, a specific action to be taken by the corporation.

10.03 Annual and Other Meetings

Immediately after each annual meeting of members, the board shall hold a general meeting for purposes of organization, election of officers, and transaction of other business. Notice of this meeting is not required.

Other general meetings of the board may be held without notice at such time and place as the board may fix from time to time.

10.04 Authority to Call Special Meetings

Special meetings of the board for any purpose may be called at any time by the chairman of the board, if any, the president or any vice president, the secretary, or any two directors.

10.05 Notice of Special Meetings

Notice of the time and place of special meetings shall be given to each director by (a) personal delivery of written notice; (b) first-class mail, postage prepaid; (c) telephone, including a voice messaging system or other system or technology designed to record and communicate messages, or by electronic transmission, either directly to the director or to a person at the director's office who would reasonably be expected to communicate that notice promptly to the director; (d) facsimile; (e) electronic mail; or (f) other electronic means. All such notices shall be given or sent to the director's address or telephone number as shown on the corporation's records.

Notices sent by first-class mail shall be deposited in the United States mails at least four (4) days before the time set for the meeting. Notices given by personal delivery, telephone, or electronic transmission shall be delivered, telephoned, or sent, respectively, at least 48 hours before the time set for the meeting.

The notice shall state the time of the meeting and the place, if the place is other than the corporation's principal office. The notice need not specify the purpose of the meeting.

10.06 Quorum

A majority of the authorized number of directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business except adjournment. Every action taken or decision made by a majority of the directors present at a duly held meeting at which a quorum is present shall be an act of the board, subject to the more stringent provisions of the California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation Law, including, without limitation, those provisions relating to (a) approval of contracts or transactions in which a director has a direct or indirect material financial interest, (b) approval of certain transactions between corporations having common directorships, (c) creation of and appointments to committees of the board, and (d) indemnification of directors. A meeting at which a quorum is initially present may continue to transact business, despite the withdrawal of some directors from that meeting, if any action taken or decision made is approved by at least a majority of the required quorum for that meeting.

10.07 Waiver of Notice

Notice of a meeting need not be given to any director who, either before or after the meeting, signs a waiver of notice, a written consent to the holding of the meeting, or an approval of the minutes of the meeting. The waiver of notice or consent need not specify the purpose of the meeting. All such waivers, consents, and approvals shall be filed with the corporate records or made a part of the minutes of the meetings. Notice of a meeting need not be given to any director who attends the meeting and who, before or at the beginning of the meeting, does not protest the lack of notice to him or her.

10.08 Adjournment

A majority of the directors present, whether or not a quorum is present, may adjourn any meeting to another time and place.

10.09 Notice of Adjourned Meeting

Notice of the time and place of holding an adjourned meeting need not be given unless the original meeting is adjourned for more than 24 hours. If the original meeting is adjourned for more than 24 hours, notice of any adjournment to another time and place shall be given, before the time of the adjourned meeting, to the directors who were not present at the time of the adjournment.

10.10 Action Without a Meeting

Any action that the board is required or permitted to take may be taken without a meeting if all board members consent in writing to the action; provided, however, that the consent of any director who has a material financial interest in a transaction to which the corporation is a party and who is an "interested director" as defined in Corporations Code section 5233 shall not be required for approval of that transaction. Such action by written consent shall have the same force and effect as any other validly approved action of the board. All such consents shall be filed with the minutes of the proceedings of the board.

SECTION 11: OFFICERS

11.01 Offices Held

The officers of this corporation shall be a president, a secretary, and a treasurer. The corporation, at the board's discretion, may also have a chairman of the board, one or more vice presidents, one or more assistant secretaries, one or more assistant treasurers, and such other officers as may be appointed under Section 11.02 of these bylaws.

Any number of offices may be held by the same person, except that neither the secretary nor the treasurer may serve concurrently as either the president or the chairman of the board.

11.02 Election of Officers

The officers of this corporation, except any appointed under Section 11.03 of these bylaws, shall be chosen annually by the board and shall serve at the pleasure of the board.

11.03 Appointment of Other Officers

The board may appoint and authorize the chairman of the board, the president, or another officer to appoint any other officers that the corporation may require. Each appointed officer shall have the title and authority, hold office for the period, and perform the duties specified in the bylaws or established by the board.

11.04 Removal of Officers

Without prejudice to the rights of any officer under an employment contract, the board may remove any officer with or without cause. An officer who was not chosen by the

board may be removed by any other officer on whom the board confers the power of removal.

11.05 Resignation of Officers

Any officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the board. The resignation shall take effect on the date the notice is received or at any later time specified in the notice. Unless otherwise specified in the notice, the resignation need not be accepted to be effective. Any resignation shall be without prejudice to any rights of the corporation under any contract to which the officer is a party.

11.06 Vacancies in Office

A vacancy in any office because of death, resignation, removal, disqualification, or any other cause shall be filled in the manner prescribed in these bylaws for normal appointments to that office, provided, however, that vacancies need not be filled on an annual basis.

11.07 Duties of Executive Officers

(a) President

Subject to the control of the board, the president shall be the general manager of the corporation and shall supervise, direct, and control the corporation's activities, affairs, and officers. The president shall preside at all members' meetings and at all board meetings. The president shall have such other powers and duties as the board or the bylaws may require.

(b) Vice Presidents

If the president is absent or disabled, the vice presidents, if any, in order of their rank as fixed by the board, or, if not ranked, a vice president designated by the board, shall perform all duties of the president. When so acting, a vice president shall have all powers of and be subject to all restrictions on the president. The vice presidents shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as the board or the bylaws may require.

(c) Secretary

The secretary shall keep or cause to be kept, at the corporation's principal office or such other place as the board may direct, a book of minutes of all meetings, proceedings, and actions of the board, of committees of the board, and of members' meetings. The minutes of meetings shall include the time and place that the meeting was held; whether the meeting was annual, general, or special, and, if special, how authorized; the notice given; the names of persons present at board and committee meetings; and the number of members present or represented at members' meetings.

The secretary shall keep or cause to be kept, at the principal California office, a copy of the articles of incorporation and bylaws, as amended to date.

The secretary shall keep or cause to be kept, at the corporation's principal office or at a place determined by resolution of the board, a record of the corporation's members, showing each member's name, address, and class of membership.

The secretary shall give, or cause to be given, notice of all meetings of members, of the board, and of committees of the board that these bylaws require to be given. The secretary shall keep the corporate seal, if any, in safe custody and shall have such other powers and perform such other duties as the board or the bylaws may require.

(d) Treasurer

The treasurer shall keep and maintain, or cause to be kept and maintained, adequate and correct books and accounts of the corporation's properties and transactions. The treasurer shall send or cause to be given to the members and directors such financial statements and reports as are required to be given by law, by these bylaws, or by the board. The books of account shall be open to inspection by any director at all reasonable times.

The treasurer shall (i) deposit, or cause to be deposited, all money and other valuables in the name and to the credit of the corporation with such depositories as the board may designate; (ii) disburse the corporation's funds as the board may order; (iii) render to the president, chairman of the board, if any, and the board, when requested, an account of all transactions as treasurer and of the financial condition of the corporation; and (iv) have such other powers and perform such other duties as the board or the bylaws may require.

If required by the board, the treasurer shall give the corporation a bond in the amount and with the surety or sureties specified by the board for faithful performance of the duties of the office and for restoration to the corporation of all of its books, papers, vouchers, money, and other property of every kind in the possession or under the control of the treasurer on his or her death, resignation, retirement, or removal from office; provided, however, that the treasurer may be reimbursed for his or her out-of-pocket costs for obtaining the bond from league funds.

11.08 Contracts With Directors

No director of this corporation nor any other corporation, firm, association, or other entity in which one or more of this corporation's directors are directors or have a material financial interest, shall be interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract or transaction with this corporation, unless (a) the material facts regarding that director's financial interest in such contract or transaction or regarding such common directorship, officership, or financial interest are fully disclosed in good faith and noted in the minutes, or are known to all members of the board prior to the board's consideration of such contract or transaction; (b) such contract or transaction is authorized in good faith by a majority of the board by a vote sufficient for that purpose without counting the votes of the interested directors; (c) before authorizing or approving the transaction, the board considers and in good faith decides after reasonable investigation that the corporation could not obtain a more advantageous arrangement with reasonable effort under the circumstances; and (d) the corporation for its own benefit enters into the transaction, which is fair and reasonable to the corporation at the time the transaction is entered into.

This Section does not apply to a transaction that is part of an educational or charitable program of this corporation if it {a) is approved or authorized by the corporation in good faith and without unjustified favoritism and {b) results in a benefit to one or more directors or their families because they are in the class of persons intended to be benefited by the educational or charitable program of this corporation.

11.09 Loans to Directors and Officers

This corporation shall not lend any money or property to or guarantee the obligation of any director or officer without the approval of the California Attorney General; provided, however, that the corporation may advance money to a director or officer of the corporation for expenses reasonably anticipated to be incurred in the performance of his or her duties if that director or officer would be entitled to reimbursement for such expenses by the corporation.

SECTION 12: INDEMNIFICATION; INSURANCE

12.01 Indemnification

To the fullest extent permitted by law, this corporation shall indemnify its directors, officers, employees, and other persons described in Corporations Code section 5238(a) including persons formerly occupying any such positions, against all expenses, judgments, fines, settlements, and other amounts actually and reasonably incurred by them in connection with any "proceeding," as that term is used in that section, and including an action by or in the right of the corporation, by reason of the fact that the person is or was a person described in that section. "Expenses," as used in this bylaw, shall have the same meaning as in that section of the Corporations Code.

On written request to the board by any person seeking indemnification under Corporations Code section 5238(b) or section 5238(c), the board shall promptly decide under Corporations Code section 5238(e) whether the applicable standard of conduct set forth in Corporations Code section 5238(b) or section 5238(c) has been met and, if so, the board shall authorize indemnification. If the board cannot authorize indemnification, because the number of directors who are parties to the proceeding with respect to which indemnification is sought prevents the formation of a quorum of directors who are not parties to that proceeding, the board shall promptly call a meeting of members. At that meeting, the members shall determine under Corporations Code section 5238(e) whether the applicable standard of conduct has been met and, if so, the members present at the meeting in person or by proxy shall authorize indemnification.

To the fullest extent permitted by law and except as otherwise determined by the board in a specific instance, expenses incurred by a person seeking indemnification under this Section 12.01 of these bylaws in defending any proceeding covered by those Sections shall be advanced by the corporation before final disposition of the proceeding, on receipt by the corporation of an undertaking by or on behalf of that person that the advance will be repaid unless it is ultimately found that the person is entitled to be indemnified by the corporation for those expenses.

12.02 Insurance

This corporation shall have the right, and shall use its best efforts, to purchase and maintain insurance to the full extent permitted by law on behalf of its officers, directors, employees, and other agents, to cover any liability asserted against or incurred by any officer, director, employee, or agent in such capacity or arising from the officer's, director's, employee's, or agent's status as such.

SECTION 13: CORPORATE RECORDS

13.01 Maintenance of Corporate Records

This corporation shall keep the following:

(a) Adequate and correct books and records of account;

(b) Minutes of the proceedings of its members, board, and committees of the board; and

(c) A record of each member's name, address, and class of membership.

The minutes and other books and records shall be kept either in written form or in any other form capable of being converted into clearly legible tangible form or in any combination of the two.

13.02 Membership Records

Unless the corporation provides a reasonable alternative as provided below, any member may do either or both of the following for a purpose reasonably related to the member's interest as a member:

(a) Inspect and copy the records containing members' names, addresses, and voting rights during usual business hours on five days' prior written demand on the corporation, which must state the purpose for which the inspection rights are requested; or

(b) Obtain from the secretary of the corporation, on written demand and tender of a reasonable charge, a list of names, addresses, and voting rights of members who are entitled to vote for directors as of the most recent record date for which that list has been compiled, or as of the date, after the date of demand, specified by the member. The demand shall state the purpose for which the list is requested. The secretary shall make this list available to the member on or before the later of ten days after the demand is received or the date specified in the demand as the date as of which the list is to be compiled.

The corporation may, within ten business days after receiving a demand under this Section, make a written offer of an alternative method of reasonable and timely achievement of the proper purpose specified in the demand without providing access to or

a copy of the membership list. Any rejection of this offer must be in writing and must state the reasons the proposed alternative does not meet the proper purpose of the demand.

If the corporation reasonably believes that the information will be used for a purpose other than one reasonably related to a person's interest as a member, or if it provides a reasonable alternative under this Section, it may deny the member access to the membership list.

Any inspection and copying under this Section may be made in person or by the member's agent or attorney. The right of inspection includes the right to copy and make extracts. This right of inspection extends to the records of any subsidiary of the corporation.

13.03 Accounting Records and Minutes

On written demand on the corporation, any member may inspect, copy, and make extracts of the accounting books and records and the minutes of the proceedings of the members, the board of directors, and committees of the board at any reasonable time for a purpose reasonably related to the member's interest as a member. Any such inspection and copying may be made in person or by the member's agent or attorney. This right of inspection extends to the records of any subsidiary of the corporation.

13.04 Maintenance and Inspection of Articles and Bylaws

This corporation shall keep at its principal California office the original or a copy of the articles of incorporation and bylaws, as amended to the current date, which shall be open to inspection by the members at all reasonable times during office hours. If the corporation has no business office in California, the secretary shall, on the written request of any member, furnish to that member a copy of the articles of incorporation and bylaws, as amended to the current date.

13.05 Directors' Right to Inspect

Every director shall have the absolute right at any reasonable time to inspect the corporation's books, records, documents of every kind, physical properties, and the records of each subsidiary. The inspection may be made in person or by the director's agent or attorney. The right of inspection includes the right to copy and make extracts of documents.

13.06 Annual Report

The board shall cause an annual report to be sent to the members and directors within 120 days after the end of the corporation's fiscal year. The annual report may be sent electronically to the electronic mail address on file for each Regular Member. That report shall contain the information required by California Nonprofit Corporations Code § 6321, including, in appropriate detail:

(a) The assets and liabilities, including the trust funds, of the corporation as of the end of the fiscal year;

(b) The principal changes in assets and liabilities, including trust funds, during the fiscal year;

(c) The corporation's revenue or receipts, both unrestricted and restricted to particular purposes;

(d) The corporation's expenses or disbursements for both general and restricted purposes;

(e) Any information required by Section 13.07 of these bylaws; and

(f) An independent accountants' report or, if none, the certificate of an authorized officer of the corporation that such statements were prepared without audit from the corporation's books and records.

This requirement of an annual report shall not apply if the corporation receives less than \$25,000 in gross receipts during the fiscal year, provided, however, that the information specified above for inclusion in an annual report must be furnished annually to all directors and to any member who requests it in writing. If the board approves, the corporation may send the report and any accompanying material sent pursuant to this section by electronic transmission.

13.07 Annual Statement of Certain Transactions and Indemnifications

As part of the annual report to all members, or as a separate document if no annual report is issued, the corporation shall, within 120 days after the end of the corporation's fiscal year, annually prepare and mail, deliver, or send by electronic transmission to each member and furnish to each director a statement of any transaction or indemnification of the following kind:

(a) Any transaction (i) in which the corporation was a party, (ii) in which an "interested person" had a direct or indirect material financial interest, and (c) which involved more than \$50,000 or was one of several transactions with the same interested person involving, in the aggregate, more than \$50,000. For this purpose, an "interested person" is either

(1) any director or officer of the corporation, its parent, or subsidiary (but mere common directorship shall not be considered such an interest); or

(2) any holder of more than 10 percent of the voting power of the corporation, its parent, or its subsidiary.

The statement shall include a brief description of the transaction, the names of interested persons involved, their relationship to the corporation, the nature of their interest in the transaction and, if practicable, the amount of that interest, provided that if the transaction was with a partnership in which the interested person is a partner, only the interest of the partnership need be stated.

(b) Any indemnifications or advances aggregating more than \$10,000 paid during the fiscal year to any officer or director of the corporation under Section 12.01 of these bylaws, unless that indemnification has already been approved by the members under Corporations Code section 5238(e)(2).

CERTIFICATE OF SECRETARY

I certify that I am the duly elected and acting Secretary of Encino Baseball, Inc., a California nonprofit public benefit corporation; that these bylaws, consisting of 25 pages (including this certificate), are the bylaws of this corporation as adopted by the board of directors on April 19, 2017; and that these bylaws have not been amended or modified since that date.

Executed April 19, 2017 at Encino, California.

E

Charles Elder Secretary